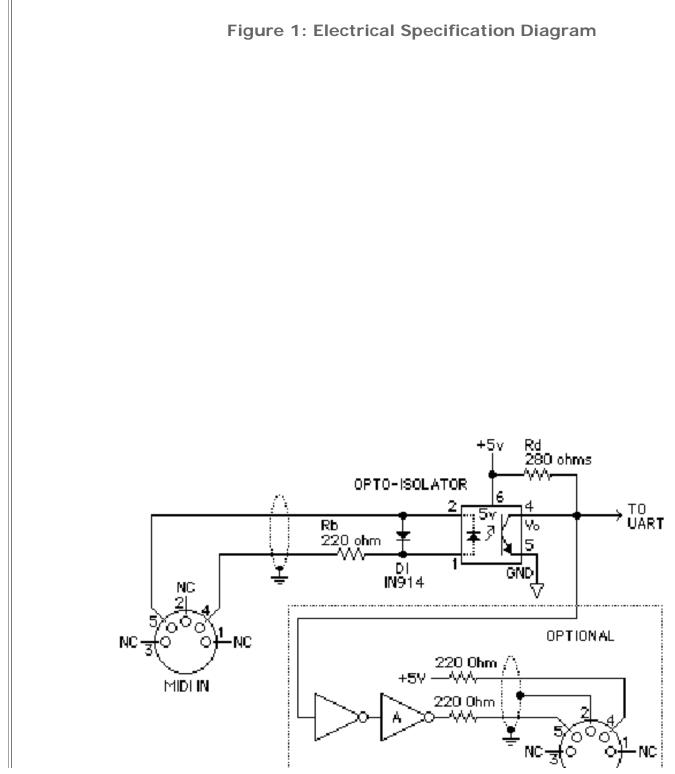
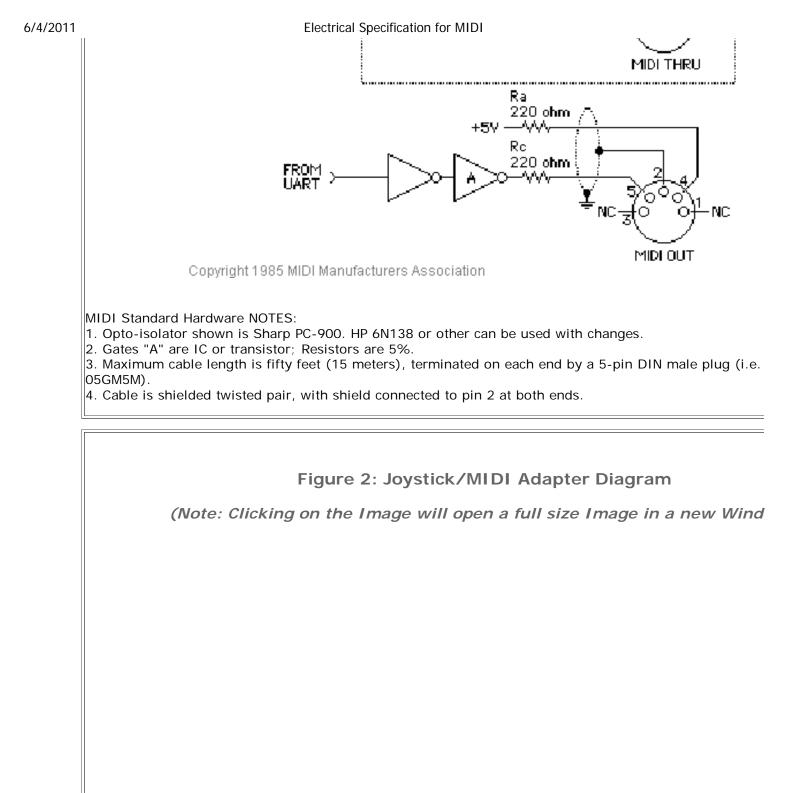


MIDI Electrical Specification Diagram & Proper Design of Joystick/MIDI Ada





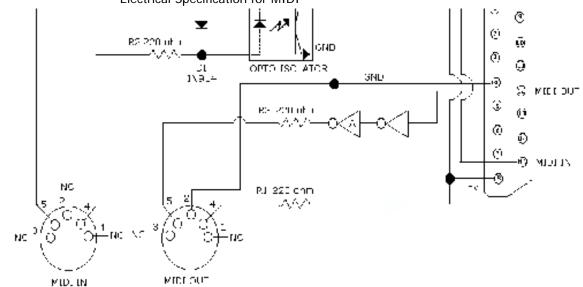
Companier So and Carol Game Part de Standard MIDI Conner lar

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6/4/2011

Electrical Specification for MIDI



Joystick Adapter NOTES:

1. A good choice for the Optoisolator 6N137. A 6N138 will work, but is slower.

2. Resistors are 5%

3. Inverter A can be an IC or a transistor.

4. It is extremely important not to ground pin 2 of the MIDI IN connector. A noise-causing ground loop w do. Pin 2 of the MIDI OUT connector should be grounded. That way the shield of the MIDI cable will be g end as desired.

Ground loops will cause horrendous hum, buzzes, and other noises, especially when connected to compu lighting equipment. The noises are caused by differences in voltage potential from one end of the cable to remedy, of course, is to run balanced audio lines and to NEVER physically connect the chassis grounds of

of equipment together. MIDI instrument designers understand ground loops. In fact, a major design goal in the electrical specification explanation in the MIDI Specification Document, is to prevent any ground lo occur with the MIDI cables. This is done by using a balanced current loop through an opto-isolator and o MIDI outputs. The MIDI IN connector is not grounded to the receiver's chassis. When done correctly, ther loops and no hum maching, noisons sauged by the the the section MIDI Manufacturers Association Incorporate

Use is prohibited without written permission. Designers of personal computers are not generally audio engineers and apparently have not heard of grou given the noisy fans and screaming disk drives that go into the PC, it is a wonder they can hear at all. All some audio professionals keep the computer in a closet or another room. But the primary source of grour in PC audio is the PC soundcard MIDI interface.

A PC soundcard exports the serial MIDI signal from its UART on two pins of its joystick or game port. A \$ this to the approved MIDI connector, and is supposed to include the necessary opto-isolator for conversic balanced current loop. The MIDI IN connector is supposed to have the opto-isolator and no ground conne to the shield for the express purpose of avoiding a ground loop.

We were able to locate six different such cables, all of which violate the MIDI hardware specification by g MIDI connectors (MIDI IN and MIDI OUT). ALL of these cables will cause ground loops, and generate hun unnecessary noise.